SOCIAL INSTITUTIONS & GENDER INDEX (SIGI)

WC	Nation	Score
1	Norway	6.7
2	Sweden	8.8
3	Spain	9.0
4	I taly	9.2
5	Netherlands	9.5
6	Portugal	9.5
7	Switzerland	9.9
8	France	10.1
9	Costa Rica	10.9
10	England (UK)	12.0
11	Germany	12.4
12	New Zealand	14.0
13	Ireland	14.3
14	Denmark	15.2
15	Panama	15.2
16	Australia	15.4
17	Canada	17.5
18	Argentina	17.7
19	Jamaica	18.4
20	United States	19.1
21	South Korea	19.8
22	Brazil	21.6
23	South Africa	23.0
24	Colombia	23.5
25	Viet Nam	24.5
26	China	27.1
27	Zambia	31.1
28	Japan	32.9
29	Nigeria	42.4
30	Haiti	46.4
31	Morocco	49.3
32	Philippines	49.7

The <u>Social Institutions and Gender Index</u> is a measure created by the Organisation for Economic Co-Operation and Development (OECD) to estimate discrimination against women and girls in social institutions.

Of the 179 countries measured, the World average score was 29.1, with OECD member nations average at 15.3. European nations collectively scored the lowest (13.8), with the Americas (20.9), Asia (37), and Africa (39.9) regions increasingly demonstrating discrimination within social institutions.

No global rankings were provided in the analysis.

- 4 Dimensions were used to measure social institution discrimination in the SIGI:
- 1. Discrimination in the family;
- 2. Restricted physical integrity;
- 3. Restricted access to productive and financial resources;
- 4. Restricted civil liberties.

Note: England score uses United Kingdom data (includes independent FIFA members Northern Ireland, Scotland, and Wales) in the calculation.